

THE SCHOOL

Problems of the District School.

By Prof. Dinsmore.

Part 6.—Love as a Factor in Teaching.

[In this article Prof. Dinsmore goes on with his remarks on love, as a teacher should show it, discussing pupils who have been falling behind others of their age.]

If time will possibly permit it is better not to put these grown-ups in classes with the little ones. They will be more comfortable and advance more rapidly by themselves. Much of the work given the little ones they do not need and are embarrassed by it. The teacher's manner to the children is not suited to them, they need to be addressed according to their age rather than their advancement in learning. Besides it is absurd to have them going over little sentences about dogs and cats, tops and dolls and the hundred other trifles that are perfectly suited to the children. Paul's statement expresses it admirably, "When I was a child I thought as a child, I spoke as a child, but when I became a man I put away childish things." Give them something suited to their age and manner of thinking and let them work it out giving such help as they need. By all means let them recite by themselves.

Also they should be constantly reminded that they are "catching up." In fact the whole process of their learning is "catching up" knowledge that should have been acquired long ago. If a belated one is strong in some one branch let him devote as much time as he likes to it for a while. It will be a great day when it can be said, "John is as good in arithmetic, or in reading, as any one of his age." This gives him a sure footing and all that is necessary now is to tell him he must bring up other studies. A little reflection will show that this is not only good common sense but that it is sound pedagogy.

A little knowledge of what has been done by some of these cases of arrested education should be a great stimulus to any teacher and he ought to be glad of an opportunity to extend a helping hand to any within his reach.

One of the best County Superintendents the writer has ever known is fond of encouraging backward ones by telling his own experience. His schooling began as the result of an accident that left him a cripple for several months when he was sixteen years of age. The father was not in favor of education, he would teach his boy to work. But when work was out of the question and the boy begged to go to school his wish was granted. What a revelation it was! He looked with wonder and envy at boys of his own age who could read like a "house afire," could work hard "sums" and who "rattled" off big words, such as "cancellation," "longitude and time," "allegation medial," and "duodecimals." How ashamed he was of his ignorance! Could he ever acquire such knowledge? However he applied himself with all his might and made such strides that when he was recovered of his injury there was no keeping him out of school. He was willing to work hard in vacation but when school opened his father was practically compelled to yield.

The result was that in four years he took the County Examination and came out triumphant with a third class certificate. Could it be possible that he was now equipped to teach a district school? He could scarcely believe it yet there was the proof, signed by the County Superintendent and his fellow examiners. He secured a school, taught it to the satisfaction of the district and with the money earned went away to school. This he did repeatedly until he was the leading teacher in the county. His specialty was encouraging boys and girls who had never had a "chance." While still under thirty he was elected to the County Superintendency, and by all accounts did the most efficient work ever known in that community. Had he been put with the little ones to keep pace with them no such record could have been made.

Two other county superintendents are known to the writer who learned

THE HOME

TWO SOUPS

Hot vegetable soups are among the best dishes for the housemother to give her hungry brood for supper, when they come home from school on a rainy day. The thick soups, often called chowders, contain the most nourishment. One of the most easily made and most appreciated on a cold night is

POTATO CHOWDER:—

Cut a couple of slices of bacon into small pieces and fry out in an iron kettle. Into the kettle slice thin two large onions and stir until a cream is formed but do not brown or burn. Next add a quart of thinly sliced potatoes and a very small piece of red pepper, and cover with hot water. Cook slowly until very soft. Add 1 quart of milk and make soup for the family. Season

pepper. Stir two table-spoons of flour smooth with cold milk and add to the boiling soup. Let boil two or three minutes, then serve.

CORN CHOWDER:—

Corn chowder is made in the same way as potato chowder by adding a can of corn to the potatoes and onion at the same time the milk is added. Only one table-spoon of flour will then be needed for the thickening.

THICKENED MILK:—

Another good cold weather dish is the old-fashioned thickened milk. Stir smooth with cold milk one teaspoonful of salt and six table-spoonsful of flour. Pour this slowly into one quart of scalded milk, stirring all the time to keep from burning. Let cook slowly on back of stove for five minutes and then serve with milk or canned fruit.

IN OUR OWN STATE

Trouble in Tobacco Districts Likely—Frankfort in Darkness.

The Bourbon stock yards at Louisville were swept by fire Tuesday night, a loss of \$200,000 being caused. Four people were hurt in fighting the flames and twenty carloads of cattle were burned.

Signs of trouble over the pooling of the tobacco crop in this state are appearing. Night riders have been at work in several of the tobacco counties, and the barn of William Green, a grower at Daviess County who refused to pool his tobacco, was burned late last week. The situation in that county is becoming serious, the farmers who have not pooled are said to be arming themselves, and a big meeting of these men has been called for Saturday. The "army of peace" has disbanded and the members have returned to their homes. One success of the association was noted. The Stemming Tobacco District Association closed a deal with the Imperial Tobacco Company for the 1907 crop of five counties. The average price to be paid is eight and a fraction cents and the manufacturer will pay about \$1,250,000 to the growers of the district. The plan to plant no Burley tobacco next year was very generally endorsed, and it now looks as if there might be no crop of any importance in this state next year.

Mrs. Edmund Kirby Smith, the widow of Gen. Kirby Smith, who was in command of the Confederate forces at the battle of Richmond, near here, died Saturday at Sewanee, Tenn.

Mrs. Robert Kirtley and Ed Flack of near Mt. Sterling, were arrested in connection with the investigation of the death of the Mrs. Kirtley's husband, probably from poison.

Fully one thousand members of the Kentucky brigade, United Confederate veterans, held their annual reunion at Pewee Valley beginning last Thursday.

The annual state convention of the Student Missionary Volunteers was held last week in Lexington, with good attendance.

James W. Hugely, a wealthy farmer living near Red House, Madison County was killed Friday while standing in a quarry overseeing the getting out of some stone. A huge stone fell on him, killing him instantly.

Frankfort was in total darkness Sunday night as a result of the breaking down of the electric light plant. All the street lights went out, and many people who had electric lights in their homes were also left without light. Many of the streets were in such bad condition that people could not reach the churches for the evening services.

WHISKEY PETITION WIT'DRAWN

New One Being Circulated—No Question As to Plan to Have Richmond Made Wet.

The petition for separate local option election in the county and city lodged with County Judge Turpin a month ago, were withdrawn Monday in Judge Turpin's court, by the whiskey men who had put the petition in circulation. While no reasons were given for their withdrawal, it is believed to be on account of so many illegal signatures to the first petition and other irregularities.

The whiskey men have begun obtaining signatures to an entirely new petition and all persons who sign same must understand now the exact object of the petition, no matter what other claim is made for it, viz: To get another vote in the city of Richmond separate from a vote in the county with the hope of carrying Richmond wet and reopening the saloons within the next few months. The whiskey men think they have a right to another election on the same day in the city and county. Of course, the county would go dry overwhelmingly, but it would be a tight race in Richmond and hence all friends of temperance and law and order are warned to keep their names off this petition so as to prevent an election within the next three years.

This warning is issued on the authority of Madison County Law and Order League and it should be sufficient to prevent every true friend of local option from plunging the county and city into a heated contest which might result in Richmond going wet and reopen the saloons so as to deluge the county with intoxicating liquor again.

C. E. Woods, Mayor, Richmond, Ky.

A REQUEST

Will any of the housekeepers who are readers of The Citizen please send me some of their favorite recipes? I wish to have them for use in a cook book we are preparing. We do not want "fancy dishes" but just the plain everyday things that your family enjoy. Send them to Mrs. Jennie Lester Hill, Berea, Ky.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

(Continued from First Page.)

unwise one in the first place, as the unions did not have enough money for a long fight, and the officers tried to keep them from quitting.

Under the new law in Tennessee the saloons were completely shut up in Knoxville and in Bristol, beginning November 1. In the last days of October carloads of liquors were shipped out of the state, and in both cities whiskey could be bought almost at your own price.

A town in Russia Turkestan, almost on the other side of the earth, was destroyed by a landslide, and several hundred people were killed, being buried alive.

President Roosevelt went to Oyster Bay to vote on Tuesday and returned to Washington the same night.

The national W. C. T. U. convention will meet in Nashville November 8, and it is expected that 1,000 delegates will attend the meeting.

Representatives of the Central American Governments will meet at a peace conference to be held at Washington November 11. It is hoped that as a result wars between the nations represented will be prevented and that internal revolutions will become things of the past.

STATE DEVELOPMENT

The Sixth Annual State Convention which will be held in Louisville November 19, 20 and 21 will probably surpass in interest of any event of the sort ever held in Kentucky. Strenuous efforts are being put forth by the local committee of Arrangements in Louisville and the members of the Executive Committee of the Kentucky State Development Association, throughout the state.

Invitations are daily being sent to the well known speakers on all topics of interest throughout the country and the latest acceptance received is from the Hon. James B. McCreary, Senator McCreary, as is well known, has devoted considerable time and attention in the United States Senate to the subject of the Panama Canal and he has therefore, consented to address the convention on the subject of the Panama Canal and its effect on the Trade and Industries of the Southern States.

Much work is being done by the Committees on invitation and delegates. Throughout the state, hundreds of prominent men have been urged to take a part in the work of securing a proper representation on the floor of the convention from each county and a gratifying interest has been shown.

THE MARKET

Berea Prices

Eggs, per doz.—20c.
Butter, per lb.—15-25c.
Potatoes, Irish, per bu.—\$0 \$0-\$1 00
Potatoes, Sweet, per bu.—\$1 00-\$1 20
Apples, per bu.—\$1 50-\$2 00.
Turnips, per bu.—50c.
Cabbage, per lb.—2c.
Chickens, on foot, per lb.—10c.
Chickens, dressed, per lb.—12½c.
Chestnuts, per bu.—\$3 20.
Hickory nuts, per bu.—\$30 75-\$1 00.
Walnuts, per bu.—40-50c.
Butternuts, per bu.—75c.

Live Stock

Louisville, Nov. 5.

Extra good steers	\$ 5 @ 5 25
Light shipping steers	4 50 5 00
Choice butcher steers	4 25 4 75
Fair to good "	3 65 4 15
Common to medium, do	3 30 3 50
Choice butcher heifers	3 50 4 25
Fair to good do do	3 30 3 50
Com. to med. do do	2 50 3 00
Choice butcher cows	3 50 4
Fair to good do do	3 00 3 50
Com. to med. do do	2 25 3
Canners	1 25 2 25
Choice feeders	4 4 25
Med. to good do	3 50 4 00
Com. and rough do	3 30 3 50
Good to ext. stock steers	3 50 4
Fair to good do do	3 30 3 50
Com. to med. do do	2 50 3 00
Good to ex stock heifers	3 30 3 50
Conf. to med. do do	2 50 3
Fair to good extra oxen	4 25 4 75
Med. to good "	3 4
Good to extra bulls	3 00 3 50
Fair to good bulls	2 50 3 00
Choice veal calves	6 25 6 75
Fair to good do do	4 00 5 00
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50 3 50
Choice milk cows	35 40
Com. to med. do do	25 30
Plain common do do	10 20

HOOTS.

Choice p. & b 200-300 lbs.	6 10 6 20
Medium packers, 160 to 200 lbs.	6 20 6 30
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs.	6 30 6 40
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	5 50 5 70
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	5 25 5 50
Roughs, 150 to 500 lbs.	3 50 5 50

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Good to ch. fat sheep	3 75 4 00
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A New Addition To Berea

A NEW STREET

Lots For Sale in Best Part of Town at only \$100. Terms to suit purchaser. Two houses of four and eight rooms at reasonable prices.

B. P. AMBROSE & SON,

Box 11a Berea, Ky.

Fair to good sheep	3 00 3 50	Eight foot, 6 by 8, firsts, 50 cents.
Common sheep	2 00 3 00	Eight foot, 6 by 8, culls, 25 cents.
Bucks	7 00 7 25	
Choice butcher lambs	4 50 5 00	
Choice spring lambs	6 00 6 50	
Seconds	5 00 5 25	
Culls and tail-ends	2 00 4 00	
Good native ewes	5 00 6 00	

PRODUCE.

Eggs—19c per doz.
Butter—21c per lb.
Poultry—Spring chickens, small 11c per lb., large 9c; hens 8c; ducks, small young, 10c, old 9c; turkeys, young 13c, old 11c; geese 8c.

MADISON MARKET

Nov. 5.—Monday was a very busy day at Madison County Stock yards. About 2500 cattle on the market, a big crowd, and everybody seemed busy, but market was slow, and prices from 25 to 50 cents lower than last court, owing to condition of fat cattle market and to approaching election. Consequently about a third of the cattle were left unsold. There was quite a decline in price of mules, horses and all kinds of stock.

Tan Bark

Price at the depot at Berea, per cord, \$7 00.

Ties

Prices at the depot at Berea.
Eight and a half feet long, 6 by 8, firsts, 53 cents.
Eight and a half feet long, 6 by 8, culls, 23 cents.

Spokes

Prices paid by Standard Wheel Co. at Berea, for black or shell bark hickory spokes, split or sawed.

Per Thous.

First size, A and B grade,	\$ 16 00
First size, C grade,	9 00
First size, D grade,	7 00
Second size, A and B grade,	21 00
Second size, C grade,	12 00
Second size, D grade,	9 00
Third size, A and B grade,	25 00
Third size, C grade,	12 00
Fourth size, A and B grade,	30 00

First size is 1½ in. on the heart, 1¼ in. deep and 28 to 30 inches long. Second size is 2 in. on the heart, 2 in. deep and 30 in. long. Third size is 2¼ in. on the heart, 2¼ in. deep and 30 in. long. Fourth size is 2½ in. on the heart, 2½ in. deep and 30 in. long.

A. & B. Grade is good, sound, white coarse, heavy growth, live timber, full to sizes and free from defects.
C. Grade is good, sound, white timber, that is lighter in weight, and growth is finer and not so heavy as the A. B. Grade. It must be free from defects also, and full to sizes.
D. Grade is good, sound, red and red and white mixed timber, clear of defects and full to sizes.
Defects are knots, worms, bird pecks, wind shakes, crooked grain and checks.

To Educate Your Children!

This ceiled cottage, four rooms, with stoves, tables, chairs and bedsteads. MAY BE RENTED FOR \$10 A TERM. Other dwellings of various sizes and for very reasonable prices. Address

T. J. OSBORNE, Berea, Ky.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. It is our purpose to

Deal Justly and Liberally With All.

Your Account Solicited.

INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS

THE

Berea National Bank

Capital \$25,000.00

Surplus \$1,500.00

S. E. WELCH, President. J. L. GAY, Cashier.

I AM THE MAN WHO SELLS THE LAND.

Berea Town Property, Improved and Unimproved.

One cottage left in west end \$450.
Three lots left in west end, an acre in each lot \$100 each.
One eight room two story frame building, all plastered.
Chimney, two grates, good eastern 12 by 12, lot 100 by 800, fruit trees, wood house, barn, etc. \$2,500.
A nice cottage with three lots on Walnut Meadow Pike \$1,500.
One new house and lot, good water, barn, on Jackson st. \$1,000.
I have a farm of 48 acres, small box house, 1-2 miles west of Berea, price \$1,200. A great bargain for anyone.
Fifty one acres on Berea and Big Hill Pike, ¼ miles from Berea \$25.00 per acre.

Any One Wanting Property of Any Kind Call and See Me. I Can Supply Your Needs.

J. P. BICKNELL.

REAL ESTATE AGENT and MERCHANT.